

YALE family, of Plâs yn Iâl and Plas Grono Wrexham

This ancient Denbighshire family was descended from **Osbrwn Wyddel** of Cors-y-gedol, Meirionnydd, ancestor of the **Vaughans** of that place through the marriage of Osbrwn's great-great-grandson Elise with the heiress of Allt Llwyn Dragon, later Plâs yn Iâl. His grandson

THOMAS YALE (c. 1526 - 1577), ecclesiastical lawyer

Third son of David Lloyd (Yale) by Gwenhwyfar Lloyd of Llwyn-y-maen (see under **Edward Lloyd** (1570 - 1648?)), was educated at Queens' College, Cambridge, of which he became Fellow (1544-67) on taking his bachelor's degree. Ten years after proceeding to M.A. (1546) he was admitted to minor orders (24 September 1556) by **bishop William Glyn**, who inducted him to the rectory of Llantrisant (Anglesey) a few weeks later. He never resided there, qualifying instead for a legal career by becoming LL.D. (1557) and advocate of the court of Canterbury (1559) - in time to take a prominent part in legal arrangements for the appointment to Canterbury of Matthew Parker, who made him his chancellor, vicar-general, and judge of the court of audience, and used him as his right-hand man, sending him on many visitations, including two of Bangor (1566 and 1576) - the latter with **Nicholas Robinson** - and naming him as executor in his will. From 1562 to 1570 he was chancellor of Bangor diocese and from 1564 to 1573 prebendary of Faenol (St Asaph), rated at 200 marks a year. He was Dean of Arches from 1567 to 1573, and on 12 July 1570 was made joint keeper, with Parker's son, of the prerogative court of Canterbury. When Grindal became archbishop in 1576 he consulted Yale and **William Awbrey** on the reform of the ecclesiastical courts, and on Grindal's sequestration, Yale administered the whole province till his fatal illness in November 1577, when he was succeeded by **Awbrey**.

DAVID YALE, alias LLOYD (died 1626), chancellor of Chester

Almost certainly an illegitimate son of John Wyn (Yale), heir of Plâs yn Iâl and elder brother of the above Thomas. He followed his uncle to Queens' College, Cambridge, 1555, and as Fellow there (1565-81). On graduating B.A. he was presented to the rectory of Llandegla (1564-73), and in 1578 succeeded to his uncle's prebend at S. Asaph, taking the degree of LL.D. in the following year. With Edmund Meyrick he administered the see of Bangor in the vacancy between the episcopates of **Nicholas Robinson** and Hugh Bellot in 1585. He became prebendary of Chester in 1582 and chancellor of the diocese in 1587. In 1598 he made extensive purchases of land from the **Erdiggs** of Erthig (see under **Edisbury**), selling some but keeping Plas Grono as (till 1721) the family seat. His son, Thomas Yale II, married a daughter of **bishop George Lloyd**, of Chester, and after his death and her re-marriage to the governor of New Haven (Con.), she and her children joined him in America (1638).

ELIHU YALE (1649 - 1721), India merchant and philanthropist

The grandson of Thomas Yale II, born in America but returning to Britain as an infant (c. 1651) with his father, David Yale II, who added Llwyn Einion to the ancestral property, but educated his son in London and sent him out to Madras (c. 1670) as a clerk in the service of the East India Co. He became governor there (1687-99), returning with a fortune of £200,000, to live alternately in London (as a governor of the Company) and at Plas Grono, where he was a liberal benefactor of Wrexham church and a creditor of **Josua Edisbury**; but he is best known for the benefactions (1714-21) of books, pictures, etc., sent by him at the request of Cotton Mather, to the college at New Haven, which later (1745) took from him the name of Yale University. He died, intestate, in London (1721), his remains being taken to Wrexham for burial, and the estate divided between coheiresses, who sold most of it. Plas Grono reverted to the Erthig estate in 1728 and the house was pulled down in 1876.

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