

HUGHES, GAINOR (1745 - 1780), fasting woman

Name: Gainor Hughes Date of birth: 1745 Date of death: 1780 Parent: Hugh David Parent: Catherine David Gender: Female Occupation: fasting woman Area of activity: Religion

Author: Ffion Mair Jones

Gainor Hughes was christened on 23 May 1745 at Llandderfel parish church, Meirionethshire, the daughter of Hugh David, Bodelith, and his wife Catherine. Gaenor, Gaunor and Gaynor occur as variant forms of her name. During her short life she became well-known enough to merit a notice of her death in the *Chester Chronicle*, together with the attention of the most prominent poets of the ballad tradition in north Wales. It is in these sources that we find contemporary information about her life; they may be supplemented by oral tradition as preserved many years after her death in the writings of Robert Edwards (Derfel Meirion; 1813-1889), a local Methodist stone-mason.

Contemporary interest in Gainor Hughes centred on her fast of almost six years' duration, during which time she refused sustenance other than spring water sweetened with a small amount of sugar or occasionally with a drop of weak ale. The fast originated, it was suggested in a 1778 report in the Chester Chronicle, in an illness which led to three days' loss of consciousness, and to a subsequent repulsion towards the odour of meat. Unsurprisingly, her physical condition eventually reflected this shortage of nutrition: the ballad-singer Grace Roberts referred to the weakness of her body and to the 'great pain' which she suffered. It was not her physical appearance but her spiritual life which most engaged her contemporaries, however. The fact that she survived without food was a miracle in the eyes of the ballad-singers, and Elis Roberts (Elis y Cowper) set her alongside central Biblical characters who were saved from starvation and adversity through 'God's great miracles'. For Roberts and for his contemporary Jonathan Hughes of Llangollen, Gainor was living proof of the veracity of verse 4: 4 in Matthew's gospel, with its claim that man does not live by bread alone but rather by the words of God and his wondrous grace. In an intense piety, Gainor would shout and cry her praise of God, bearing witness through prayer to a spiritual world, Hughes reported. Elis Roberts likewise emphasized her readiness to pray and praise the Lord, morning and evening. Unambivalent mention of Gainor's visionary experiences is in short supply in these texts. However, Elis Roberts's first ballad about her was published alongside an account of a contemporary, Sion Robert, who visited the opposite poles of heaven and hell; this may suggest that Gainor was also viewed as being party to such encounters. The ballads appeared consistently throughout the fast: three years had passed when Roberts produced his first in 1777; four years when Jonathan Hughes created his; and Roberts returned to the subject again in 1779, shortly before Gainor's

The reports published in the Chester Chronicle suggest how Gainor may have become a legend during her lifetime, with visitors travelling between forty and fifty miles to see her; by the time of her death, people fuelled by curiosity had been visiting her for some time. Grace Roberts suggested that Gainor's relationship with these inquisitive people was not always positive: 'I heard some bickering that she was without salvation', she sang, coming to Gainor's defence by noting that she found such visitors at fault

For a fuller picture of Gainor's life we must turn to later sources, evidence provided by 'old men and women (around twenty-seven or twenty-eight of them) whose words I set down from their speech', says a 'Brief Memoir' ('Byr Gofiant') attributed to one Hugh Thomas. The memoir was preserved by Robert Edwards (Derfel Meirion) and copied by a nephew of his, Edward Edwards, in 1897. David Robert Daniel, who published the material in Cymru (1910), criticized the claim that it drew on evidence from 'some old people' who remembered Gainor Hughes. It is difficult to assess Daniel's critique because of the ambivalence of his testimony about the authorship of the 'Brief Memoir' and the part played by Robert Edwards, in particular, in its making. Notwithstanding the uncertainty about the details of its composition, the impression it gives of Gainor's and the part played by Robert Edwards, in particular, in its making. Notwithstanding the uncertainty about the details of its composition, the impression it gives of Gainor's nistory enriches our knowledge of her substantially. We gain a glimpse of her life before the beginning of her 'illness': she was a good singer who frequented the church in Llandderfel to sing psalms - although she would not go there for any other purpose, it is suggested, 'since she was not a member of the Church of England at the time'; and we find that, as a frail woman, she may have been of poor health for some time. After she became ill, we learn of her interactions with the community from the tranquilility of her bed: of the 'bunches of flowers which the children would gather and pin around it', giving her 'extraordinary pleasure'; of her acquaintances Thomas and Ellis Williams, Ty'n Llys, who would visit her early on a Sunday to hear her pray and to read selections from the Bible chosen by her; of her particular friend, John Ellis of Cwmorwr in the parish of Llangwm, who had experienced a vision' and who came to talk to her for hours on end; of the 'Church of England people' who came often to Bod

Gainor Hughes was buried at Llandderfel cemetery on 14 March 1780. As suggested by the evidence cited, which was drawn from oral testimony, interest in her persisted locally. Her story was notable enough to draw the attention of the artist Edward Pugh (c.1761-1813), who mentioned her in his posthumously-published Cambria Depicta: A Tour through North Wales (1816); and a new wave of interest surfaced from the 1870s onwards, possibly under the influence of the story of Sarah Jacob (1857-1869), the young Carmarthenshire girl whose death was covered in the Welsh press at the turn of the 1860s. One question which was not satisfactorily answered by authors such as John Peter ('loan Pedr') and David Robert Daniel was the identity of the poet whose two englyn stanzas were engraved on Gainor Hughes's gravestone. Peter held that they were the work of Jonathan Hughes and, after some deliberation, Daniel agreed, although he did not believe that the poet's name had ever appeared on the stone. Manuscript evidence, however, suggests that the poet was John Rees (Rice) of Llanrhaeadr-ym-Mochnant. The gravestone was already in poor condition when Daniel conducted his researches into the life of Gainor and he noted that it had been moved from its original position. In 2010 a new stone to note her burial was placed in Llandderfel cemetery by a local heritage society, although it was not set in the exact position of her grave.

Author

Ffion Mair Jones

Sources

Ab Dafydd, Sarah Jacob', Y Dydd, 28 January 1870, p.10

David Robert Daniel, Gaunor Bodelith 1745-1780 (Caernarfon 1910)

David Robert Daniel, Cymru (O.M.E.), XXXVIII (February 1910), 117-20; (March 1910), 169-72

I. H. Davies. A Bibliography of Welsh Ballads printed in the 18th century (London 1908-11)

Jonathan Hughes, 'Cerdd ar Charity Mrs. ychydig hanes Am Gaynor Hughes y fenyw o Landderfel, yr hon sy'n gorwedd Ers Pedair blynedd, ac yn byw heb ddim

cynhaliaeth', in Bardd, a Byrddau amryw, seigiau neu gasgliad o gynghanedd, sef carolau a cherddi a chywyddau, o waith Jonathan Hughes, Pengwern wrth Langollen yn Sir Ddimbych(Mwythig

1778), pp.351-5

Daniel Huws, A repertory of Welsh manuscripts and scribes, c.800-c.1800> (Aberystwyth 2022)

John Peter, 'Gaunor Hughes, Bodelith', Y Goleuad, 24 November 1877, p.10

Edward Pugh, Cambria depicta: a tour through North Wales, illustrated with picturesque views (London 1816)

Elis Roberts, Dwy o Gerddi Newyddion. Y gyntaf yn rhoi peth o Hanes y ddynes o Lan dderfel yr hon sydd er's tair Blynedd heb fwytta dim lluniaeth ond ûn llymed o dwr [sic] Ac ychydig o hanes am John Roberts or Ysbytty a fu mewn Gweledigaeth. Yr ail yn adrodd hanes y Gwrthryfel sydd rhwng Lloegr HÃan a Lloegr Newydd, sef America (Wrecsam 1777)

Elis Roberts, Dwy o Gerddi Newyddion y gyntaf yn rhoi peth o hannes y ddynes o Lan dderfel hon sydd er's tair Blynedd heb fwytta dim lluniaeth ond un llymed o ddwr Yr Ail yn adrodd hanes y Gwrthryfel sydd rhwng Lloegr hên a Lloegr Newydd sef Americca (Tref-Briw 1777)

Elis Roberts, Dwy o gerddi newyddion: y gyntaf gosod allan am Gaynor Hughes, yr hon sydd er's pum mlynedd a hanner; heb archåµaethu un math o luniaeth, ond ychydig o ddµr ac o lecin, a gronyn o siwgr: nid yw 'r cwbl mor llond cwppan dÃ^a: un waith y d·dd; Yn ail ymddidan rhwng dyn ar ehedydd (Trefriw 1779)

Grace Roberts, Tair o gerddi newyddion: I. Hanes mwrdwr creulon su yn y deheudir, fel y cafodd pedŵar o bobl eu llâdd, a llosgi'r tÅ· a dranau o'u cyrph/ Hugh Jones Llangwm a'i cant: II.

Ychydig o benhillion a wnaed o goffadwriaeth am Gaenor Hughes o Fydelith/ [Grace Roberts o Fettws y Coed yn mlwyf Llanfawr ai gant]: [Dau benill ir un pwrpas ar Wel adeilad] (Trefriw 1779)

Siwan M. Rosser, Y ferch ym myd y faled: delweddau o'r ferch ym maledi'r ddeunawfed ganrif (Caerdydd 2005)

John Rees (Rice),, '[E]nglynion ar garreg fedd Gainor Hughes o fodelith', in Bangor University, Archives and Special Collections, Bangor MS 33

John Rees (Rice), 'Yma, mi gwiria, mae'n gorwedd - beunydd,' in NLW MS 8490A, 6

John Rees (Rice), 'Rhown ni'n hystyriaeth mewn distawrwydd', in NLW MS 8490A, 5

Evan James (Jeuan ap Jago), cywydd, 'Rhyfedd o foddion rhy fawr', in NLW MS 8490A, 3

Additional Links

Wikidata: 0120854861

Published date: 2023-07-20

Article Copyright: https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/







The Dictionary of Welsh Biography is provided by The National Library of Wales and the University of Wales Centre for Advanced Welsh and Celtic Studies. It is free to use and does support. A donation would help us maintain and improve the site so that we can continue to acknowledge Welsh men and women who have made notable contributions to life in Wales and beyond.

Find out more on our sponsorship page.



APA Citation



Jones, F. M., (2023). HUGHES, GAINOR (1745 - 1780), fasting woman. Dictionary of Welsh Biography. Retrieved 11 Nov 2024, from https://biography.wales/article/s14-HUGH-GAI-1745

Copy to Clipboard

L(i(

LLYFRGEL THE NATIO





